

the U.S. Naval Research Laboratory for performing the piezoelectric tests. We also thank Dr Hillyer Norment and Mr Peter Gum for their invaluable aid in facilitating the calculations for this paper.

References

- BALLARD, D. G. H., BAMFORD, C. H. & WEYMOUTH, F. J. (1955). *Proc. Roy. Soc. A*, **227**, 155.
 BAMFORD, C. H. & WEYMOUTH, F. J. (1955). *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.* **77**, 6368.
 BRYAN, R. F. & DUNITZ, J. D. (1960). *Helv. Chim. Acta*, **43**, 3.
 BUSING, W. R. & LEVY, H. A. (1959). *A Crystallographic Least Squares Refinement Program for the IBM 704*. Oak Ridge, Tennessee: Oak Ridge National Laboratory.
 CANT, E. M. (1956). *Acta Cryst.* **9**, 681.
 FULLER, W. (1959). *J. Phys. Chem.* **63**, 1705.
 HAUPTMAN, H. & KARLE, J. (1953). *Solution of the Phase Problem. I. The Centrosymmetric Crystal*. A. C. A. Monograph No. 3. Brooklyn: Polycrystal Book Service.
 KARLE, I. L., HAUPTMAN, H., KARLE, J. & WING, A. B. (1958). *Acta Cryst.* **11**, 257.
 KARLE, I. L. (1961). *Acta Cryst.* **14**, 497.
 KARLE, J. & HAUPTMAN, H. (1959). *Acta Cryst.* **12**, 404.
 NORMENT, H. G. (1962). U.S. Naval Research Laboratory Report No. 5739. Washington, D.C., U.S.A.
 VAN DEN HENDE, J. H. (1961). *Crystallographic Structure Factor and Least Square Refinement Program for the IBM 7090 Computer*. Linden, New Jersey: Esso Research & Engineering Company.

Acta Cryst. (1963). **16**, 975

The Crystal Structure of Potassium Tetraborate Tetrahydrate

BY MASSIMO MAREZIO, H. A. PLETTINGER AND W. H. ZACHARIASEN

Department of Physics, University of Chicago and Argonne National Laboratory, U.S.A.

(Received 28 December 1962)

The compound $K_2B_4O_7 \cdot 4H_2O = K_2[B_4O_5(OH)_4] \cdot 2H_2O$ is orthorhombic, space group $P2_12_12_1$, with four molecules in a cell of dimensions $a = 12.899$, $b = 11.774$, $c = 6.859$ Å. The positions of all atoms (including the hydrogen atoms) have been determined. The final R -index is 0.040, and the bond lengths have been determined to an accuracy of 0.006 Å for K–O bonds, 0.008 Å for B–O bonds and 0.11 Å for H–O bonds. The structure contains the complex ion $[B_4O_5(OH)_4]^{2-}$ consisting of two boron–oxygen triangles and two tetrahedra which have only corners in common. Detailed results are reported for bond distances, and bond angles and for the anisotropic thermal motions.

Introduction

This paper reports the results of a crystal structure examination of the compound $K_2B_4O_7 \cdot 4H_2O = K_2[B_4O_5(OH)_4] \cdot 2H_2O$. The investigation is part of a systematic study of borate structures which was begun in this laboratory in the nineteen thirties, was interrupted by the war, and has been resumed in recent years.

Single crystals were prepared by slow evaporation from aqueous solutions. The formula was confirmed by chemical analysis which gave the following result:

	Exp.	Theor.
K	24.4%	25.6%
B	14.7	14.2
H ₂ O	21.2	23.6

A direct density determination gave $\rho = 1.919$ g.cm⁻³.

The crystals were found to be orthorhombic with cell dimensions

$$a = 12.899 \pm 0.002, \quad b = 11.774 \pm 0.002, \\ c = 6.859 \pm 0.001 \text{ Å.}$$

The cell contains four molecules, the calculated density being 1.898 g.cm⁻³.

The only systematic absences are the odd orders of pinacoidal reflections. Accordingly one is led to the space group symmetry $P2_12_12_1$ with all atoms in general positions:

$$(x, y, z) \left(\frac{1}{2} - x, \bar{y}, \frac{1}{2} + z \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} + x, \frac{1}{2} - y, \bar{z} \right) (\bar{x}, \frac{1}{2} + y, \frac{1}{2} - z)$$

and 75 positional degrees of freedom.

With the aid of a counter spectrometer and Cu $K\alpha$ radiation the intensities were measured for all (867) reflections $HK0$, $HK1$, $H0L$, $H1L$, $0KL$, $1KL$. The specimen was a crystal ground into a nearly perfect sphere of radius $R = 0.0259 \pm 0.0015$ cm.

Determination of the structure

According to the space group symmetry $P2_12_12_1$ the projection of the structure on each of the coordinate planes has a center of symmetry. Because of the relatively short c period, it was to be expected that the projection on the XY plane would give the best

resolution, and the first step towards the solution of the structure was therefore based on the (*HK0*) data.

By the statistical method introduced ten years ago

Table 1. *Atomic coordinates*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>
K _I	0.3587 ± 0.0001	0.3360 ± 0.0001	0.2139 ± 0.0003
K _{II}	0.7130 ± 0.0001	0.4001 ± 0.0001	0.5298 ± 0.0003
B _I	0.4484 ± 0.0006	0.2893 ± 0.0006	0.6514 ± 0.0014
B _{II}	0.4558 ± 0.0006	0.0846 ± 0.0006	0.6222 ± 0.0015
B _{III}	0.6281 ± 0.0005	0.0973 ± 0.0006	0.4691 ± 0.0014
B _{IV}	0.5940 ± 0.0006	0.1831 ± 0.0006	0.7920 ± 0.0013
O _I	0.5277 ± 0.0003	0.0579 ± 0.0004	0.4570 ± 0.0008
O _{II}	0.5174 ± 0.0003	0.0909 ± 0.0003	0.8025 ± 0.0007
O _{III}	0.3942 ± 0.0004	0.1056 ± 0.0005	0.1363 ± 0.0009
O _{IV}	0.6928 ± 0.0004	0.0653 ± 0.0004	0.3177 ± 0.0008
O _V	0.4047 ± 0.0003	0.1969 ± 0.0003	0.5830 ± 0.0009
O _{VI}	0.6633 ± 0.0003	0.1631 ± 0.0004	0.6177 ± 0.0007
O _{VII}	0.6575 ± 0.0004	0.1953 ± 0.0004	0.9648 ± 0.0007
O _{VIII}	0.3972 ± 0.0003	0.3920 ± 0.0004	0.6145 ± 0.0011
O _{IX}	0.3758 ± 0.0003	0.0013 ± 0.0003	0.6326 ± 0.0009
O _X	0.5392 ± 0.0003	0.2921 ± 0.0003	0.7554 ± 0.0008
O _{XI}	0.5774 ± 0.0005	0.3443 ± 0.0005	0.2315 ± 0.0010
H _I	0.436 ± 0.008	0.485 ± 0.009	0.643 ± 0.021
H _{II}	0.277 ± 0.007	0.436 ± 0.009	0.663 ± 0.018
H _{III}	0.591 ± 0.008	0.423 ± 0.010	0.887 ± 0.020
H _{IV}	0.677 ± 0.008	0.149 ± 0.009	0.020 ± 0.018
H _V	0.489 ± 0.008	0.042 ± 0.009	0.202 ± 0.018
H _{VI}	0.436 ± 0.008	0.101 ± 0.009	0.994 ± 0.017
H _{VII}	0.594 ± 0.009	0.248 ± 0.008	0.194 ± 0.018
H _{VIII}	0.599 ± 0.008	0.429 ± 0.010	0.157 ± 0.017

Table 2. *Anisotropic thermal parameters*
(× 10⁴)

	β_{11}	β_{22}	β_{33}	β_{12}	β_{13}	β_{23}
K _I	32	41	157	7	-2	3
σ	1	1	4	1	2	3
K _{II}	29	39	162	-4	22	-3
σ	1	1	4	1	2	3
B _I	26	27	111	6	11	6
σ	4	4	18	4	11	11
B _{II}	24	24	150	0	-1	-15
σ	4	4	20	4	13	11
B _{III}	31	29	109	4	-4	-12
σ	4	4	17	4	10	13
B _{IV}	28	22	112	2	1	0
σ	4	4	17	4	10	11
O _I	27	38	114	-4	2	-32
σ	2	3	10	3	6	8
O _{II}	25	21	108	-1	-7	6
σ	2	2	11	3	6	6
O _{III}	43	65	163	2	-2	2
σ	3	4	13	4	7	9
O _{IV}	33	48	111	0	15	-21
σ	2	3	10	3	6	7
O _V	24	27	168	2	-22	3
σ	2	3	14	3	8	7
O _{VI}	29	35	135	-2	-7	-21
σ	2	3	10	3	6	8
O _{VII}	32	44	116	4	-19	3
σ	3	3	10	3	6	7
O _{VIII}	30	25	195	6	-9	-2
σ	2	3	15	3	9	9
O _{IX}	26	27	163	-4	-9	18
σ	2	3	13	3	7	7
O _X	28	18	152	3	-18	0
σ	2	2	12	2	7	7
O _{XI}	64	57	171	2	4	-15
σ	3	4	14	4	8	11

(Zachariasen, 1952) a self-consistent set of signs for 62 large F_{HK0} terms was deduced. A Fourier synthesis carried out with these terms gave the approximate positions of all potassium, boron and oxygen atoms, and quite precise x and y coordinates were obtained by least-square refinements based on all experimental $|F_{HK0}|$ data.

An accurate projection of the structure having been deduced, it was a simple task to find the approximate z coordinates so that refinements utilizing the full set of three-dimensional data could be made.

The final least-square refinement provided for the simultaneous adjustment of 180 parameters: 3 scale factors, 75 position parameters, and 102 thermal parameters (the eight hydrogen atoms were assumed to have isotropic thermal motion with $B=5.0 \text{ \AA}^2$). In the structure are eight short oxygen-oxygen distances which can be explained only in terms of O-H...O bonds. The midpoints of these short oxygen-oxygen connection lines were used as initial coordinates for the hydrogen atoms so as not to introduce preconceived ideas as to which oxygen atoms were hydroxyl or water oxygens.

The McWeeny (1951) f -curves were assumed for boron and hydrogen, those of Berghuis, Haanappel, Potters, Loopstra, MacGillavry & Veenendaal (1955) for potassium and oxygen.

The results of the final refinement, which gave $R=0.040$, are shown in Tables 1 and 2, while Tables 3-5 illustrate the degree of agreement between observed and calculated structure factors.

Discussion of the structure

The results of the final refinement correspond to the following standard errors for the various interatomic distances: 0.006 Å for K-O bond lengths, 0.007 Å for O-O separations, 0.008 Å for B-O bonds, and 0.11 Å for H-O and H...O distances.

In the course of the last refinement all of the eight hydrogen atoms moved from their initial positions towards one of the two oxygen atoms. The resulting interatomic distances are as follows:

O _{VIII} ...O _{II}	= 2.649 Å	O _{VIII} -H _I	= 1.22 Å
O _{IV} ...O _{VIII}	= 2.725	O _{IV} -H _{II}	= 1.09
O _{IX} ...O _X	= 2.777	O _{IX} -H _{III}	= 1.00
O _{VII} ...O _{IV}	= 2.900	O _{VII} -H _{IV}	= 0.72
O _{III} ...O _I	= 2.849	O _{III} -H _V	= 1.50
O _{III} ...O _{II}	= 2.791	O _{III} -H _{VI}	= 1.11
O _{XI} ...O _{VII}	= 2.737	O _{XI} -H _{VII}	= 1.18
O _{XI} ...O _{IX}	= 3.097	O _{XI} -H _{VIII}	= 1.15
O _{II} ...H _I	= 1.43 Å		
O _{VIII} ...H _{II}	= 1.68		
O _X ...H _{III}	= 1.91		
O _{IV} ...H _{IV}	= 2.27		
O _I ...H _V	= 1.83		
O _{II} ...H _{VI}	= 1.69		
O _{VII} ...H _{VII}	= 1.88		
O _{IX} ...H _{VIII}	= 2.17		

Table 3. *Reflections HK0 and HK1*

HK	L = 0			L = 1			HK	L = 0			L = 1				
	F ₀	A	B	F ₀	F _c	A		B	F ₀	A	B	F ₀	F _c	A	B
10	0	0	0	47.4	46.4	0	46.4	14.5	7.4	6.6	0	3.6	3.5	-3.5	-0.5
01	0	0	0	62.2	63.0	0	-63.0	15.1	3.9	0	-3.0	13.8	14.0	-0.3	-14.0
11	4.5	0	-5.3	51.9	53.1	24.4	-47.2	9.11	9.1	0	-9.8	12.9	14.6	-9.2	11.4
20	42.8	44.9	0	5.4	2.4	0	2.4	13.7	7.6	0	8.9	9.0	9.5	6.9	6.6
02	16.7	-13.1	0	51.5	53.4	53.4	0	5.13	4.0	0	3.9	9.7	9.8	1.6	9.7
21	10.1	-10.9	0	23.9	23.3	-20.0	11.9	15.2	18.7	0	20.1	21.6	22.3	18.7	12.2
12	28.2	0	-28.7	30.6	31.8	30.2	-9.9	0.14	9.5	-9.1	0	23.0	22.8	22.8	0
22	17.7	-16.1	0	37.5	37.7	23.1	-29.8	15.3	4.0	0	3.4	8.5	8.7	0.4	-8.7
30	0	0	0	69.7	70.9	0	70.9	1.14	5.9	0	6.4	3.6	5.4	2.0	5.0
31	16.9	0	-17.0	25.0	22.2	20.6	-8.2	8.12	12.4	13.4	0	4.9	5.5	-4.7	2.9
03	0	0	0	86.7	91.2	0	-91.2	6.13	9.5	-10.0	0	13.2	12.9	12.8	1.8
13	61.0	0	63.1	25.3	25.8	21.8	13.8	14.6	8.1	8.3	0	6.2	5.5	0.7	-5.5
32	39.7	0	-39.7	61.3	63.5	-60.1	-20.4	2.14	13.5	14.8	0	11.3	11.2	7.3	8.5
23	15.0	-12.7	0	48.8	49.8	-15.9	47.3	11.10	8.2	0	7.6	10.9	10.7	-0.9	-10.7
40	95.1	-97.1	0	75.6	77.1	0	77.1	12.9	0	-0.1	0	14.6	14.4	-2.8	-14.1
41	43.3	41.6	0	52.5	51.7	46.7	-22.2	15.4	12.8	0	-13.0	10.0	9.6	0.2	9.6
04	116.4	-121.1	0	88.3	91.8	-91.8	0	3.14	20.4	0	-21.5	7.1	7.6	-7.0	2.9
33	23.9	0	24.9	6.9	6.0	-5.4	2.5	10.11	18.3	-18.8	0	9.3	8.7	-2.2	-8.4
14	72.6	0	-72.6	41.7	41.4	-21.0	35.7	13.8	5.2	0	5.9	4.5	4.3	4.3	0.1
42	50.0	50.1	0	39.1	37.7	-37.7	0.4	4.14	7.1	7.0	0	7.1	7.4	-1.8	-7.1
24	28.5	29.9	0	72.6	74.2	51.6	53.4	7.13	3.3	0	-3.9	3.2	2.7	2.6	-0.7
50	0	0	0	17.4	16.2	0	16.2	9.12	4.7	0	6.3	8.7	8.7	-5.0	7.1
51	46.3	0	44.8	49.0	49.1	-19.1	45.2	14.7	7.3	-6.8	0	14.9	16.5	2.5	16.3
43	54.4	52.6	0	33.9	32.6	-17.6	-27.5	15.5	14.9	0	-15.5	3.8	3.9	-0.3	3.9
34	63.8	0	-64.8	61.8	62.3	-56.2	-26.9	16.0	24.3	-24.5	0	13.8	14.0	0	-14.0
52	10.4	0	-9.9	24.3	24.4	13.2	-20.5	16.1	2.1	-1.6	0	8.9	8.6	-5.5	6.6
05	0	0	0	26.8	26.7	0	-26.7	5.14	5.4	0	-4.7	12.1	11.5	11.5	-0.7
15	42.3	0	-42.5	57.3	58.2	31.1	49.2	16.2	10.0	9.7	0	4.7	4.0	-3.1	-2.5
25	31.7	-30.3	0	43.9	42.5	-39.9	-14.8	12.10	15.9	-15.6	0	8.1	8.8	1.0	8.8
44	19.9	17.6	0	88.4	87.8	78.7	-38.9	11.11	12.7	0	13.0	7.5	8.1	-2.1	-7.8
53	115.3	0	-117.2	15.6	14.4	14.1	2.7	13.9	13.0	0	-14.2	6.4	6.2	-1.6	6.0
60	14.9	15.1	0	55.4	54.5	0	-54.5	16.3	18.5	-20.1	0	14.9	15.7	10.8	11.4
61	87.2	-85.5	0	24.1	23.5	-0.9	23.5	8.13	16.3	19.5	0	2.8	3.1	-1.3	2.9
35	57.8	0	54.2	34.8	32.5	-32.5	0.2	15.6	2.7	0	2.7	9.5	9.3	-3.8	-8.4
62	4.0	2.2	0	43.2	41.5	29.4	-29.3	1.15	3.1	0	3.1				
06	3.6	-1.1	0	16.1	16.2	-16.2	0	6.14	5.4	4.6	0				
54	19.3	0	-19.5	44.8	43.4	23.1	-36.8	14.8	4.2	4.9	0				
16	20.3	0	-21.2	24.6	24.4	2.4	-24.3	10.12	2.6	-3.5	0				
45	13.1	13.3	0	30.9	29.0	-27.0	-10.6	2.15	1.6	0.3	0				
63	72.8	-69.1	0	17.1	17.0	-8.9	-14.5	16.4	10.4	12.0	0				

Table 4. *Reflections OKL and 1KL*

KL	H = 0			H = 1			KL	H = 0			KL	H = 1			
	F ₀	A	B	F ₀	F _c	A		B	F ₀	A		B	F ₀	F _c	A
10	0	0	0	4.5	5.3	0	-5.3	11.3	0	0	0.6	5.2	4.9	-2.9	-4.0
01	0	0	0	47.4	46.4	0	46.4	27	18.4	-18.1	0	13.4	12.9	-12.0	-4.8
11	62.2	0	-63.0	51.9	53.1	24.4	-47.2	37	4.1	0	-4.2	14.7	16.4	15.9	-4.0
20	16.7	-13.1	0	28.2	28.7	0	-28.7	95	5.9	0	-6.5	14.2	14.0	-9.0	10.7
21	51.7	53.4	0	30.6	31.8	30.2	-9.9	76	3.7	0	1.8	10.3	11.6	8.4	8.0
30	0	0	0	61.0	63.1	0	63.1	12.2	13.8	-13.8	0	10.4	10.6	-0.6	10.6
02	33.0	-31.3	0	81.6	79.7	-79.9	0	47	15.4	-16.5	0	14.6	14.4	14.0	-3.4
31	86.7	0	91.2	25.3	25.8	21.8	13.8	11.4	3.3	0	2.6	10.4	10.8	10.3	-3.1
12	34.6	0	-33.4	77.1	76.9	58.4	49.9	13.0	0	0	0	7.2	7.4	0	-7.4
22	47.2	46.1	0	53.3	52.3	-15.6	-49.9	57	13.9	0	13.6	6.1	6.0	-4.2	4.3
40	116.4	-121.1	0	72.6	72.6	0	-72.6	86	5.0	4.5	0	19.5	20.3	20.2	-2.4
41	88.3	-91.8	0	41.7	41.4	-21.0	35.7	12.3	5.9	-6.4	0	16.3	15.5	9.0	12.6
32	27.2	0	26.0	25.0	23.5	3.9	-23.2	13.1	9.0	0	-8.7	19.1	18.7	10.5	-15.5
50	0	0	0	42.2	42.5	0	-42.5	10.5	2.3	-1.7	0	12.7	12.7	-6.3	11.0
03	0	0	0	44.6	44.1	0	44.1	67	4.1	4.8	0	3.2	3.1	-1.6	2.7
13	37.2	0	-35.1	4.6	5.0	2.8	4.1	13.2	7.9	0	6.7	5.9	5.7	4.4	3.7
42	0	-2.2	0	63.8	64.4	-9.1	63.8	96	9.4	0	10.0	16.1	16.6	16.1	4.2
51	26.8	0	-26.7	57.3	58.2	31.1	49.2	08	3.6	2.8	0	9.9	9.7	9.7	0
23	68.3	-66.7	0	53.6	52.7	49.6	-17.7	18	5.6	0	-5.9	9.2	9.3	-5.9	7.2
33	55.4	0	-54.6	23.4	21.7	10.8	-18.8	12.4	2.5	2.2	0	13.6	14.1	13.7	-3.5
60	3.6	-1.1	0	20.3	21.2	0	-21.2	28	0	-1.5	0	5.7	6.2	-1.3	6.1
52	41.5	0	42.2	47.1	45.5	-32.0	-32.4	77	7.7	0	-8.4	8.0	9.4	0.3	9.4
61	16.1	-16.2	0	24.8	24.4	2.4	-24.3	11.5	9.8	0	-9.9	13.2	13.5	-12.4	-5.3
43	41.2	-39.0	0	35.6	33.5	28.0	-18.3	13.3	23.2	0	-24.8	11.2	11.5	-11.3	-2.0
04	25.0	24.4	0	42.7	41.1	41.1	0	14.0	9.5	-9.1	0	6.1	6.4	0	6.4
62	57.7	-56.3	0	32.6	32.4	-2.2	-32.3	38	3.8	0	-4.0	3.3	2.8	-2.3	1.6
14	5.9	0	5.2	6.9	6.8	-6.3	2.6	14.1	23.0	22.8	0	3.6	5.4	2.0	5.0
70	0	0	0	5.2	3.7	0	-3.7	48	0	0.5	0	8.8	10.6	-10.6	0.3
24	24.7	-25.2	0	30.3	29.2	13.3	26.0	10.6	4.2	4.7	0	15.0	16.2	16.2	-0.5
53	16.6	0	16.1	28.8	28.3	-27.7	-6.1	14.2	13.0	-13.2	0	5.0	4.9	-3.3	3.7
71	32.1	0	30.6	19.0	18.2	1.3	-18.2	87	1.5	1.5	0	7.8	8.6	-7.8	3.5
34	33.8	0	32.1	8.2	7.2	3.1	-6.5	58	4.6	0	5.4	4.5	4.9	4.9	-0.3
72	28.9	0	27.4	4.6	5.0	-4.9	-1.0	13.4	9.5	0	9.5	5.9	6.7	5.3	-4.1
63	48.7	47.5	0	39.3	38.0	-7.1	37.3	12.5	2.2	-3.0	0	12.4	14.1	9.7	-10.2
44	19.0	-17.8	0	35.0	34.0	-23.2	-24.9	14.3	16.3	-17.0	0	3.2	3.6	-2.2	-2.8
80	42.1	-41.7	0	22.6	22.2	0	22.2	68	4.3	4.0	0	5.3	5.2	-0.2	5.2
81	59.9	57.8	0	23.3	23.7	-23.5	-3.2	15.0	0	0	0	3.1	3.1	0	3.1
54	29.1	0	28.7	29.1	27.9	7.6	-26.8	97	2.3	0	1.6	6.5	7.0	2.8	6.4
05	0	0	0	15.4	14.6	0	-14.6	11.6	21.3	0	-23.7	7.2	7.8	-6.2	4.8
15	42.9	0	43.0	20.3	18.9	-1.6	-18.8	15.1	0	0	0.3				

Table 5. Reflections $H0L$ and $H1L$

HL	K=0				K=1				HL	K=0				K=1			
	F_o	A	B		F_o	$ F_c $	A	B		F_o	A	B		F_o	$ F_c $	A	B
10	0	0	0		4.5	5.3	0	-5.3	37	4.3	0	-3.5		8.8	9.0	8.6	2.6
01	0	0	0		61.3	63.0	0	-63.0	13.2	7.0	-7.1	0		15.4	15.5	2.1	-15.4
20	42.2	44.9	0		9.9	10.9	-10.9	0	10.5	14.5	0	-14.9		19.8	19.3	-15.5	-11.5
11	46.7	0	46.4		51.1	53.1	24.4	-47.2	47	5.4	0	-5.6		13.3	13.5	11.7	6.8
21	7.3	0	2.4		23.6	23.3	-20.0	11.9	86	3.1	-2.8	0		11.0	11.4	8.6	-7.5
30	0	0	0		16.7	17.0	0	-17.0	14.0	8.1	9.1	0		10.4	10.7	-10.7	0
31	68.7	0	70.9		24.6	22.2	20.6	-8.2	57	9.0	0	9.1		0	2.0	1.8	-0.7
02	32.5	-31.2	0		34.0	33.4	0	-33.4	14.1	5.7	0	5.6		17.4	17.1	17.1	0
12	60.4	-79.7	0		76.0	76.9	58.4	49.9	12.4	11.0	-11.3	0		15.1	15.0	-11.1	10.1
40	93.7	-97.1	0		42.7	41.6	41.6	0	13.3	17.4	0	17.3		0	1.9	-1.9	0.3
22	67.8	-67.5	0		34.3	32.5	-31.1	9.5	96	23.5	-25.1	0		6.0	6.4	6.4	-0.8
41	74.5	0	77.1		51.7	51.7	46.7	-22.2	67	8.4	0	-9.8		11.6	12.0	-9.3	-7.6
32	114.6	-117.7	0		63.2	60.5	-40.3	-45.0	11.5	7.8	0	7.3		0	1.1	-0.8	-0.8
50	0	0	0		45.6	44.8	0	44.8	77	9.3	0	-10.1		10.7	10.9	5.8	-9.3
51	17.2	0	16.2		48.3	49.1	-19.1	45.2	15.0	0	0	0		6.7	7.6	1.5	7.5
42	33.4	32.2	0		95.0	90.7	82.6	-37.4	13.4	16.6	-18.0	0		3.8	3.0	0	-3.0
03	0	0	0		36.6	35.1	0	-35.1	08	3.6	2.8	0		3.9	4.1	-3.3	-2.3
13	44.0	0	44.1		4.6	5.0	2.8	4.0	10.6	7.0	7.5	0		5.5	5.9	0	-5.9
23	0	0	-2.8		5.5	5.4	3.6	-4.1	18	9.7	9.7	0		2.1	2.1	-2.0	0.5
60	14.7	15.1	0		85.9	85.5	-85.5	0	16.0	23.9	-24.5	0		9.1	9.3	-5.9	7.2
52	7.2	5.6	0		39.2	37.8	-37.0	-7.6	14.3	5.3	0	5.0		13.0	13.8	-1.0	-13.7
61	54.5	0	-54.5		23.7	23.5	-0.9	23.5	15.1	23.5	0	-23.6		13.6	14.0	-0.3	-14.0
33	98.2	0	-98.4		85.8	84.5	68.0	50.2	28	2.6	2.2	0		6.6	6.9	-1.5	6.8
43	48.2	0	-48.0		20.4	19.7	-19.6	-1.0	12.5	5.6	0	6.3		10.2	10.3	1.5	10.2
70	0	0	0		43.8	43.7	0	-43.7	3.8	4.2	-5.7	0		13.5	12.4	11.2	5.3
62	7.8	-7.7	0		27.5	26.3	24.4	-9.9	8.7	15.6	0	16.7		11.1	10.8	10.8	-0.9
71	16.6	0	-15.4		45.3	44.7	41.0	-17.9	15.2	9.6	9.0	0		14.4	14.5	-4.6	13.7
04	24.6	24.4	0		5.8	5.2	0	5.2	48	7.6	7.4	0		9.8	10.6	1.8	-10.4
53	22.5	0	-23.3		29.5	27.8	-26.8	7.2	11.6	12.2	12.2	0		13.1	13.2	13.1	2.0
14	42.1	41.1	0		6.8	6.8	-6.3	2.6	58	0	-1.3	0		9.0	8.0	7.8	1.9
24	9.7	-9.6	0		32.1	31.9	-30.9	8.0	14.4	22.6	22.4	0		3.4	3.0	2.6	-1.5
72	23.2	22.4	0		8.2	8.4	-8.1	1.9	97	6.9	0	7.4		6.4	5.8	0.4	5.8
80	15.8	16.0	0		11.4	12.3	-12.3	0	16.0	23.9	-24.5	0		2.2	1.6	-1.6	0
34	23.6	-22.9	0		36.3	34.8	14.5	-31.7	15.3	4.8	0	4.9		13.3	12.5	-12.5	-0.9
81	9.8	0	8.8		21.1	20.1	-14.9	13.6	13.5	3.4	0	3.3		14.0	12.8	-0.1	12.8
63	48.8	0	-47.7		32.0	31.2	-29.9	8.7	16.1	13.4	0	-14.0		8.8	8.6	-5.5	6.6
44	28.4	28.4	0		38.4	36.1	-34.0	-12.2	68	4.4	-4.8	0		0	1.3	1.3	-0.4
82	10.8	-9.6	0		20.2	19.6	-18.3	7.0	16.2	10.8	-11.6	0		14.0	11.9	-10.8	5.0
73	5.1	0	-4.2		17.6	17.2	16.2	-5.7	12.6	8.7	-10.0	0		14.4	12.7	-2.8	12.4
90	0	0	0		34.8	32.8	0	-32.8	10.7	8.2	0	7.7					

The mean bond lengths are:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{K-O} &= 2.862 \text{ \AA} & \text{H-O} &= 1.12 \text{ \AA} \\ \text{B-O} &= 1.368 & \text{H} \cdots \text{O} &= 1.86 \\ \text{B-O} &= 1.480 \end{aligned}$$

However, it is seen from Table 6, which lists all individual bond lengths, that there are large variations from the mean.

The structure contains complex ions $[\text{B}_4\text{O}_5(\text{OH})_4]^{2-}$ consisting of two tetrahedral and two triangular boron oxygen groups as shown in Fig. 1. The same poly-ion has previously been observed in the mineral borax, $\text{Na}_2\text{B}_4\text{O}_7 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (Morimoto, 1956). The bond lengths within the boron-oxygen complex are given in Fig. 1, while the lengths of the triangular and tetrahedral edges are as follows:

Triangle about B_I

$$\begin{aligned} \text{O}_V\text{-O}_{\text{VIII}} &= 2.309 \text{ \AA} \\ \text{O}_V\text{-O}_X &= 2.380 \\ \text{O}_{\text{VIII}}\text{-O}_X &= 2.382 \end{aligned}$$

Triangle about B_{III}

$$\begin{aligned} \text{O}_I\text{-O}_{\text{IV}} &= 2.336 \text{ \AA} \\ \text{O}_I\text{-O}_{\text{VI}} &= 2.410 \\ \text{O}_{\text{IV}}\text{-O}_{\text{VI}} &= 2.388 \end{aligned}$$

Tetrahedron about B_{II}

$$\begin{aligned} \text{O}_I\text{-O}_{\text{II}} &= 2.405 \text{ \AA} \\ \text{O}_I\text{-O}_V &= 2.438 \\ \text{O}_I\text{-O}_{\text{IX}} &= 2.403 \\ \text{O}_{\text{II}}\text{-O}_V &= 2.437 \\ \text{O}_{\text{II}}\text{-O}_{\text{IX}} &= 2.423 \\ \text{O}_V\text{-O}_{\text{IX}} &= 2.388 \end{aligned}$$

Tetrahedron about B_{IV}

$$\begin{aligned} \text{O}_{\text{II}}\text{-O}_{\text{VI}} &= 2.424 \text{ \AA} \\ \text{O}_{\text{II}}\text{-O}_{\text{VII}} &= 2.453 \\ \text{O}_{\text{II}}\text{-O}_X &= 2.407 \\ \text{O}_{\text{VI}}\text{-O}_{\text{VII}} &= 2.412 \\ \text{O}_{\text{VI}}\text{-O}_X &= 2.401 \\ \text{O}_{\text{VII}}\text{-O}_X &= 2.385 \end{aligned}$$

Fig. 1. A projection of the complex $[\text{B}_4\text{O}_5(\text{OH})_4]^{2-}$. Numbers in parenthesis give the heights in $\text{\AA}$ above the projection plane. The lengths of the various bonds are shown.

Thus there are four hydroxyl groups in the structure ($\text{O}_{\text{VIII}}\text{H}_I$, $\text{O}_{\text{IV}}\text{H}_{\text{II}}$, $\text{O}_{\text{IX}}\text{H}_{\text{III}}$ and $\text{O}_{\text{VII}}\text{H}_{\text{IV}}$) and two water molecules ($\text{H}_V\text{O}_{\text{III}}\text{H}_V$ and $\text{H}_{\text{VI}}\text{O}_{\text{XI}}\text{H}_{\text{VIII}}$).

These poly-ions, potassium ions and water molecules can be regarded as the units of which the structure

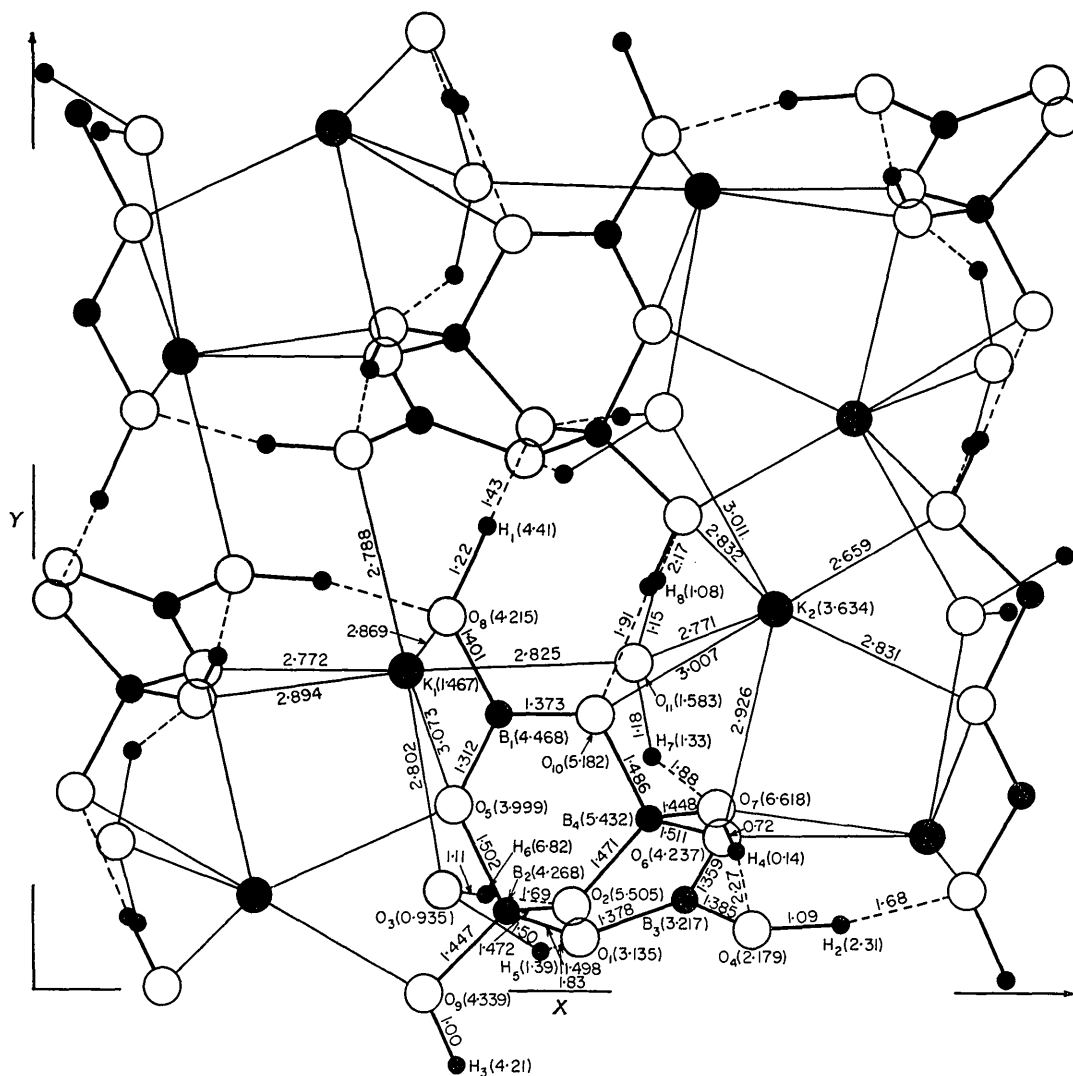


Fig. 2. The projection of one unit cell on the XY plane. The heights of the atoms in Å are given in parenthesis. The bond lengths are also shown.

Table 6. *Individual bond lengths*

	O _I	O _{II}	O _{III}	O _{IV}	O _V	O _{VI}	O _{VII}	O _{VIII}	O _{IX}	O _X	O _{XI}
K _I			2.802	2.788	3.073	2.772	2.894	2.869			2.825
K _{II}			3.011		2.831	2.926			2.659	3.007	2.771
B _I					1.312			1.401		1.373	
B _{II}	1.498	1.472			1.502				1.447		
B _{III}	1.378			1.385		1.356				1.486	
B _{IV}		1.471				1.511	1.448				
H _I		1.43						1.22			
H _{II}				1.09				1.68			
H _{III}									1.00	1.91	
H _{IV}				2.27			0.72				
H _V	1.83		1.50								
H _{VI}		1.69	1.11								
H _{VII}							1.88				1.18
H _{VIII}								2.17			1.15

is composed, and they are linked together by means of K–O and O–H···O bonds in the manner shown in Table 6 and in Fig. 2.

If one assigns a strength of 0.14 to each K–O bond, 1.00 to each triangular and 0.75 to each tetrahedral B–O bond, 0.80 to each H–O and 0.20 to each H···O bond, then the strength of the bonds ending on an oxygen atom ranges from 1.88 to 2.14 showing that there is nearly perfect valence balance in detail throughout the structure.

The oxygen atoms O_I, O_V, O_{VI} and O_X are each shared between a BO₃ triangle and a BO₄ tetrahedron.

Table 7. *Heat motion data*

	<i>i</i>	Δ_i (Å)	α	β	γ
K _I	1.	0.151 ± 0.003	0.748	–0.655	0.104
	2.	0.182 ± 0.003	0.663	0.743	–0.094
	3.	0.194 ± 0.003	–0.016	0.173	0.990
K _{II}	1.	0.137 ± 0.003	0.876	0.228	–0.426
	2.	0.166 ± 0.002	–0.143	0.965	0.221
	3.	0.210 ± 0.003	0.461	–0.132	0.878
B _I	1.	0.127 ± 0.014	–0.617	0.781	0.096
	2.	0.142 ± 0.018	–0.549	–0.514	0.659
	3.	0.177 ± 0.017	0.564	0.354	0.666
B _{II}	1.	0.122 ± 0.014	0.010	0.960	0.279
	2.	0.141 ± 0.011	0.999	–0.016	0.017
	3.	0.194 ± 0.013	–0.022	–0.279	0.960
B _{III}	1.	0.132 ± 0.019	–0.213	0.865	0.454
	2.	0.156 ± 0.015	0.805	–0.108	0.584
	3.	0.176 ± 0.016	–0.553	–0.490	0.674
B _{IV}	1.	0.122 ± 0.011	–0.179	0.984	–0.009
	2.	0.156 ± 0.011	0.973	0.175	–0.148
	3.	0.163 ± 0.013	0.143	0.036	0.989
O _I	1.	0.115 ± 0.015	0.163	0.721	0.674
	2.	0.151 ± 0.007	0.972	0	–0.235
	3.	0.201 ± 0.010	0.169	–0.693	0.701
O _{II}	1.	0.120 ± 0.008	0.074	0.981	–0.177
	2.	0.140 ± 0.010	0.903	0.013	0.445
	3.	0.167 ± 0.009	–0.439	0.192	0.878
O _{III}	1.	0.189 ± 0.008	0.925	–0.176	0.336
	2.	0.198 ± 0.009	–0.350	–0.056	0.935
	3.	0.215 ± 0.007	0.146	0.983	0.113
O _{IV}	1.	0.132 ± 0.012	–0.499	0.412	0.762
	2.	0.175 ± 0.008	0.809	0.552	0.239
	3.	0.202 ± 0.009	–0.311	0.736	–0.602
O _V	1.	0.123 ± 0.011	0.820	–0.453	0.349
	2.	0.143 ± 0.008	0.424	0.891	0.162
	3.	0.210 ± 0.010	–0.384	0.015	0.923
O _{VI}	1.	0.134 ± 0.012	0.411	0.742	0.530
	2.	0.160 ± 0.008	0.902	–0.415	–0.118
	3.	0.195 ± 0.009	–0.132	–0.527	0.840
O _{VII}	1.	0.135 ± 0.011	0.707	–0.251	0.661
	2.	0.178 ± 0.008	–0.054	0.913	0.405
	3.	0.191 ± 0.009	0.705	0.321	–0.632
O _{VIII}	1.	0.125 ± 0.008	–0.448	0.893	–0.037
	2.	0.163 ± 0.009	0.875	0.447	0.185
	3.	0.218 ± 0.008	–0.182	–0.050	0.982
O _{IX}	1.	0.127 ± 0.009	0.268	0.927	–0.262
	2.	0.147 ± 0.009	0.938	–0.188	0.291
	3.	0.206 ± 0.009	–0.221	0.324	0.920
O _X	1.	0.111 ± 0.008	–0.247	0.965	–0.093
	2.	0.141 ± 0.011	0.862	0.262	0.433
	3.	0.201 ± 0.009	–0.442	–0.027	0.897
O _{XI}	1.	0.185 ± 0.012	–0.101	0.715	0.691
	2.	0.216 ± 0.012	–0.051	–0.698	0.715
	3.	0.233 ± 0.007	0.994	0.037	0.106

The B–O–B bond angles are 117.8° for O_I, 118.5° for O_V, 119.0° for O_{VI} and 118.3° for O_X. The corresponding bond angle is 111.0° for O_{II} which is shared between two BO₄ tetrahedra.

The heat motion

The results for the anisotropic thermal coefficients β_{ij} as obtained from the Busing–Levi refinement program are listed in Table 2. The corresponding values for the root mean square displacements, Δ_i , along principal axes are shown in Table 7 together with the direction cosines α, β, γ of the principal axes in the *X, Y, Z* system of the crystal.

A detailed study of the results of Table 7 reveals many features of physical interest and significance. One sees, for instance, that the water oxygens (O_{III} and O_{XI}) have larger thermal amplitudes than the hydroxyl oxygens, which in turn have larger displacements than the true oxygen atoms. Similarly one finds the smallest anisotropy of thermal motion for the water oxygens and for the oxygen (O_{II}) which is bonded to two tetrahedrally coordinated boron atoms.

The atoms O_V, O_{VIII}, O_X form a triangle about B_I, and the direction cosines for the normal to this plane are $\alpha = -0.515$, $\beta = -0.102$, $\gamma = 0.851$. Reference to Table 7 shows that this normal is nearly parallel to the direction of maximum displacement observed for these three oxygen atoms. In a similar manner atoms O_I, O_{IV}, O_{VI} form a triangle about B_{III}, the normal to the plane having direction cosines $\alpha = 0.261$, $\beta = -0.821$, $\gamma = 0.508$, and again one finds this normal to be nearly parallel to the direction of maximum thermal displacement for the three oxygen atoms in question.

A detailed analysis of the data of Table 7 will not be presented. However, it can be stated that the results as to anisotropy of thermal motion and orientation of the tensor ellipsoid are physically reasonable when correlated with the directions and strengths of the chemical bonds.

The writers are indebted to Dr Ralph Bane for the chemical analysis and to the Applied Mathematics Division of Argonne National Laboratory for help with the least-square refinements. The work was supported in part by Advanced Research Projects Agency.

References

- BERGHUIS, J., HAANAPPEL, IJ. M., POTTERS, M., LOOPSTRA, B. O., MACGILLAVRY, C. H. & VEENENDAAL, A. L. (1955). *Acta Cryst.* **8**, 478.
- MCWEENY, R. (1951). *Acta Cryst.* **4**, 513.
- MORIMOTO, N. (1956). *Miner. J. (Japan)*, **2**, 1.
- ZACHARIASEN, W. H. (1952). *Acta Cryst.* **5**, 68.